

Spatial and seasonal variations in microplastic concentrations in Portland's freshwater

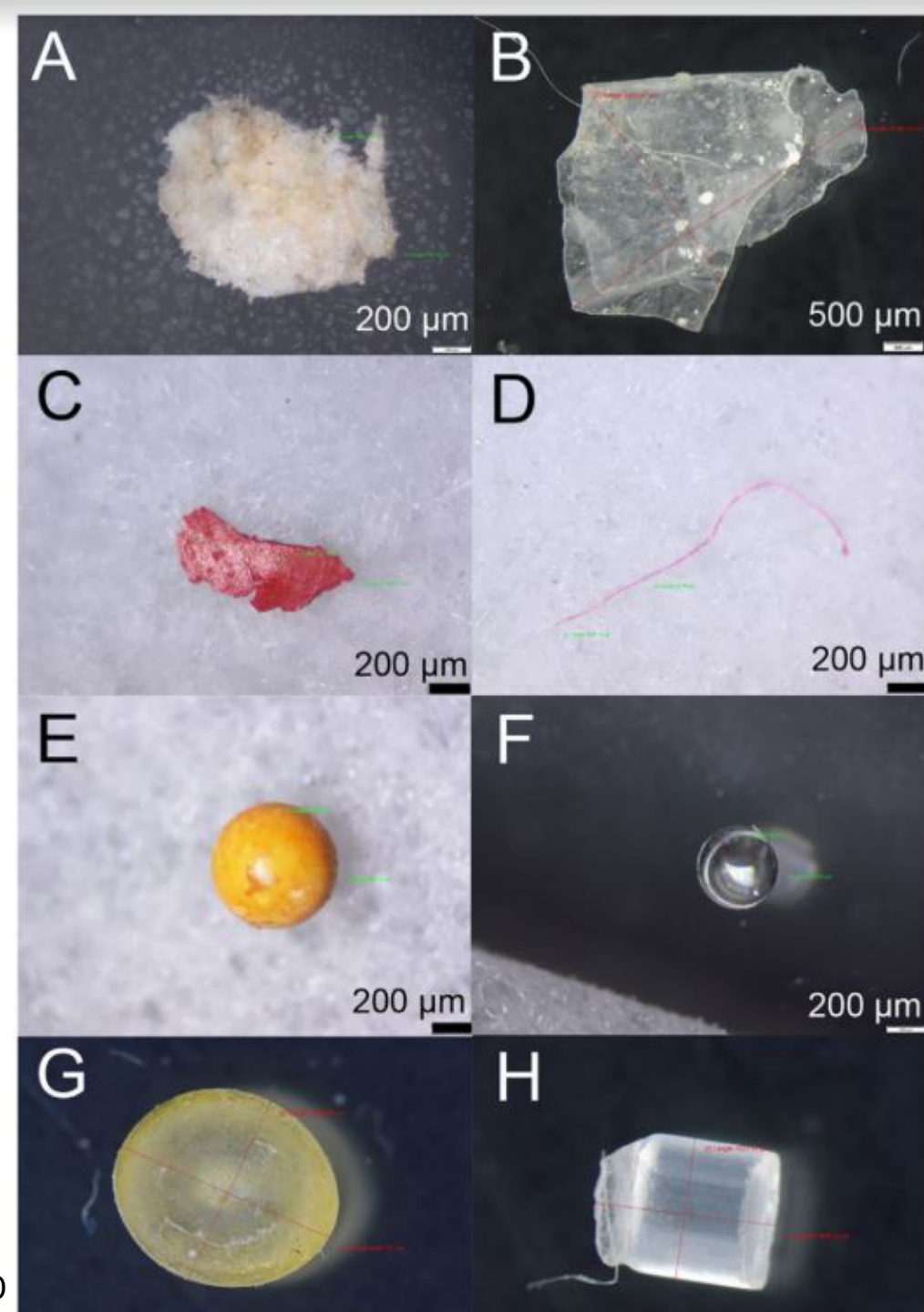
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Clackamas River Water Providers
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Microplastics

- Pieces of plastic $\leq 5\text{mm}$
- Primary vs. secondary production (Horton et al. 2017)
- Various forms – fiber, fragment, film, foam, pellet
 - Can be indicative of sources (Xiong et al. 2019)



Links with Spatial Factors



- Urban land use
 - Plastic production, hotspots for litter (Deng et al. 2020)
 - Wastewater treatment plants (McCormick et al. 2016)
- Population density (Fan et al. 2019, Grbić et al. 2020)
- Agricultural land use
 - Biosolids (Mahon et al. 2017)
 - High plastic use (Campanale et al. 2020)

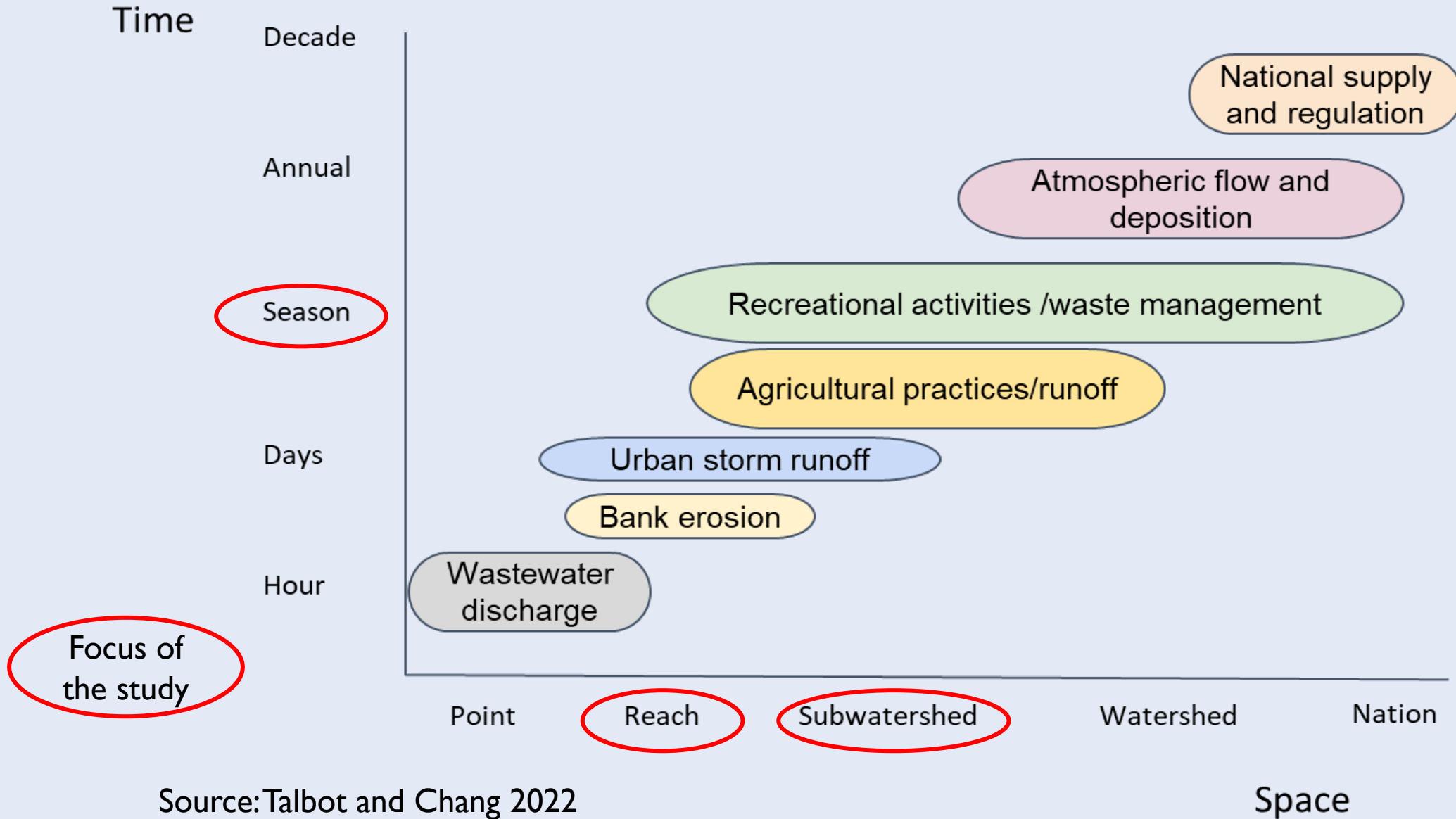
Links with Temporal Factors

- Seasonality and precipitation
 - Variations in MP concentrations between dry and wet seasons (Campanale et al. 2020, Eo et al. 2019)
- Flow rates
 - Lower flow rates → Accumulation of MPs (Barrows et al. 2018, Kapp and Yeatman 2018)



Photo: B. Talbot

Scale issues



Source: Talbot and Chang 2022

Space

Research Questions

- *Examine MP spatiotemporal distributions in Portland watersheds that have varying degrees of urban development and differing land cover types at different spatial scales*
- How are MP concentrations influenced by:
 - Watershed attributes (e.g., land use, elevation)
 - Seasonality (Flow rate and precipitation)
- What morphologies of MPs are present, and what ties can be made to potential sources?

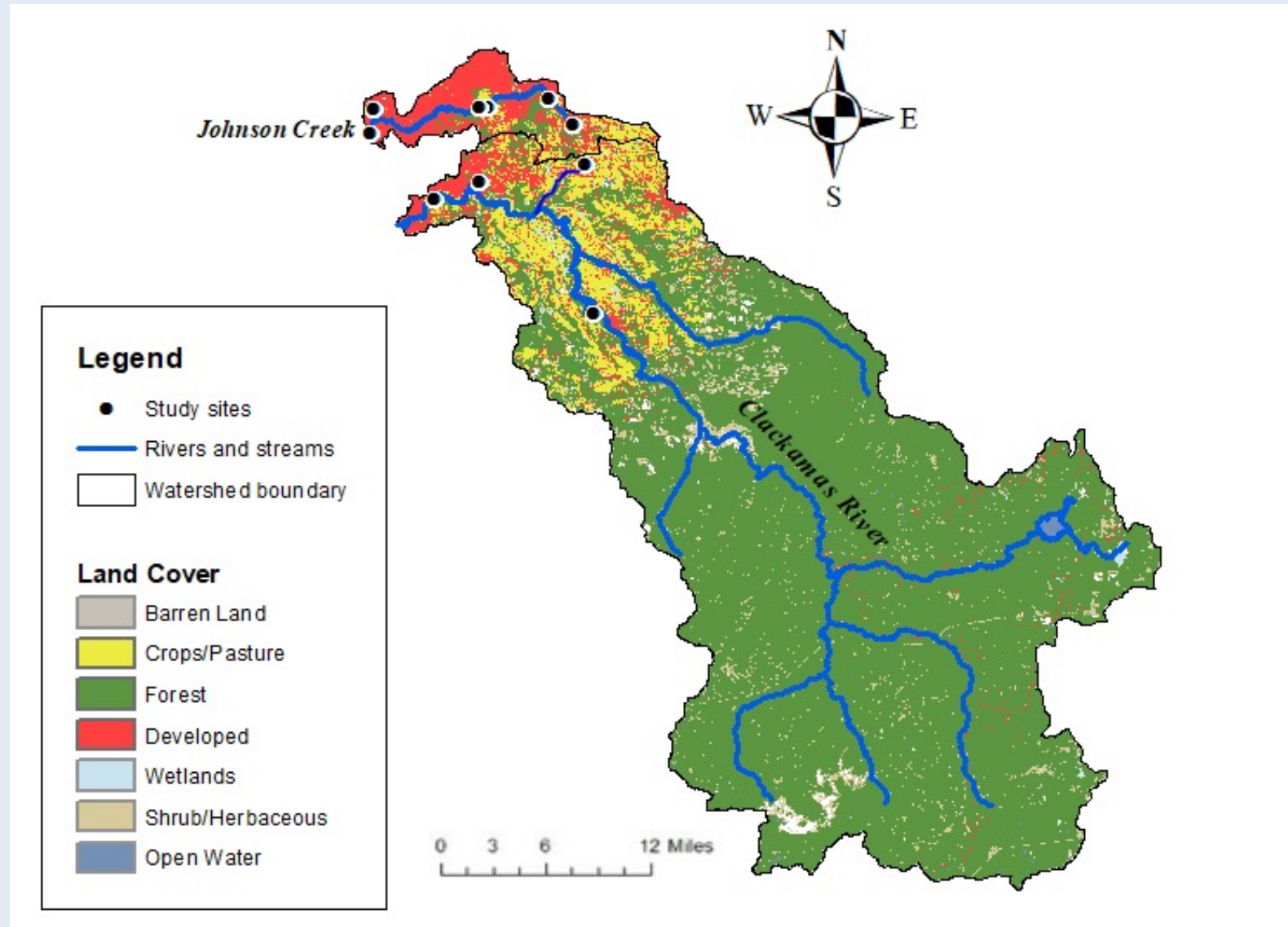
Study Area

- Johnson Creek watershed

- Telford
- Regner
- Kelley Creek
- Sycamore
- Milwaukie
- Crystal Springs Creek

- Clackamas watershed

- Estacada
- Deep Creek
- Rock Creek
- Near Oregon City



Data Collection

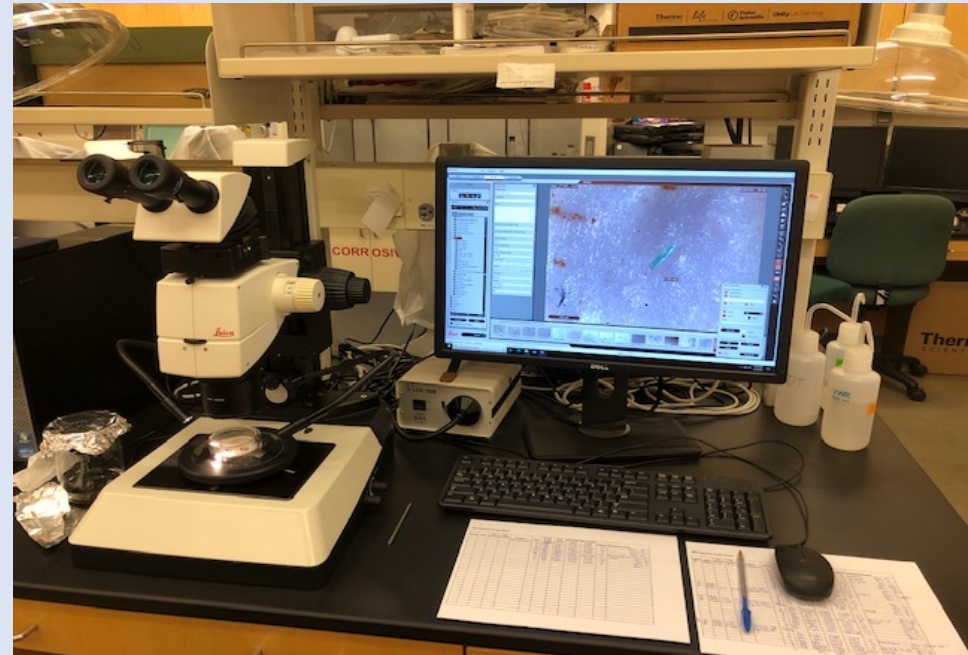
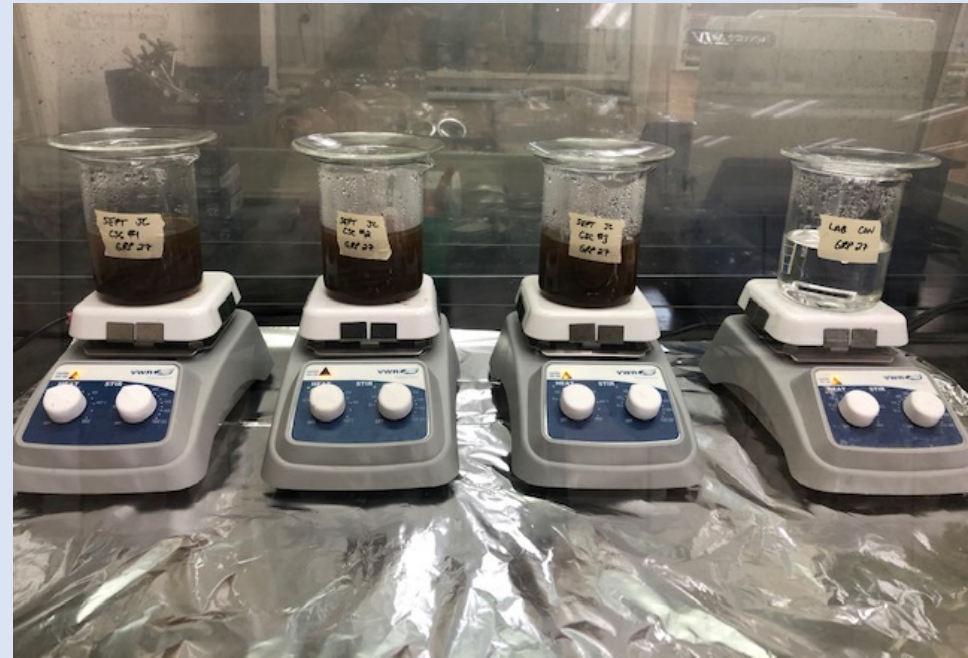
- Surface water samples
 - Plankton tow net (mesh = $64\mu\text{m}$) equipped with flow meter
 - Samples collected for 15-minute intervals
 - 3 samples/site
- 3 sampling sessions
 - Dry season – August
 - Wet season – September and February



Photo: E Granek

Sample Analysis

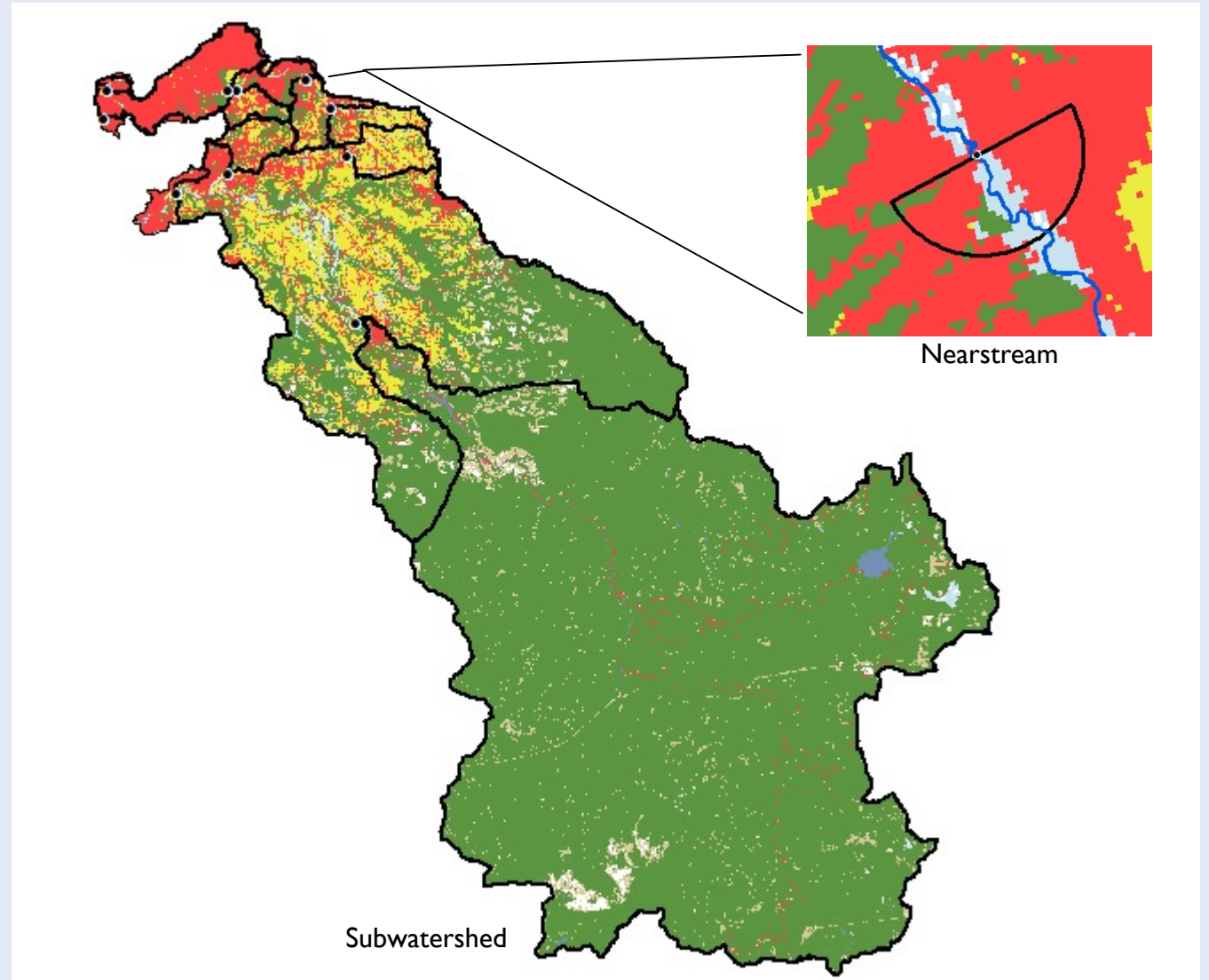
- Organic matter digestion
 - 10% KOH solution
- Density separation
 - Hypersaline solution
 - Vacuum filtration
- Microscope analysis
- μ FTIR analyses
 - Identify specific polymers



Photos: B. Talbot

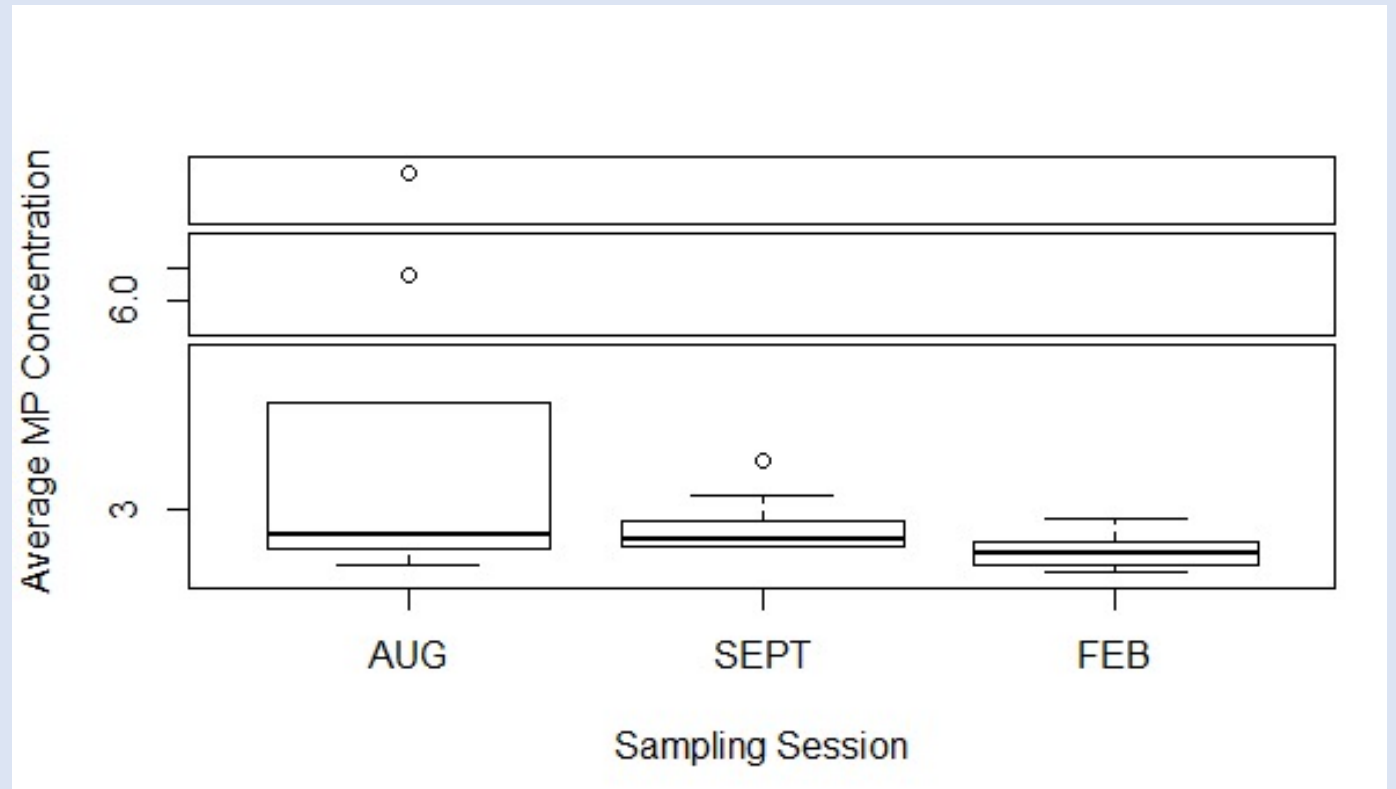
Data Analysis

- Nonparametric statistics
 - Kruskal-Wallis for seasonal comparison
 - Spearman rank for relating MP to watershed variables
- Two spatial scales of analysis
 - Subwatershed (delineated in ArcGIS)
 - Nearstream (500m upstream buffer)



Results: Influence of Seasonality

- MP concentrations vary across seasons
 - Significant differences in MPs between August and February ($H = 6.1342, p < 0.05$)
 - Dry season – potential accumulation of MPs
 - No significant first flush effect observed



Flow and Precipitation

- Flow rate
 - Negative correlation between flow rate and MPs in August ($r = -0.85, p < 0.05$)
 - Decreased flow rate facilitated the accumulation of MPs
 - Wet season - no correlations observed between MPs and flow
- Precipitation
 - Positive correlation between MPs and antecedent precip (24hr) in February



August

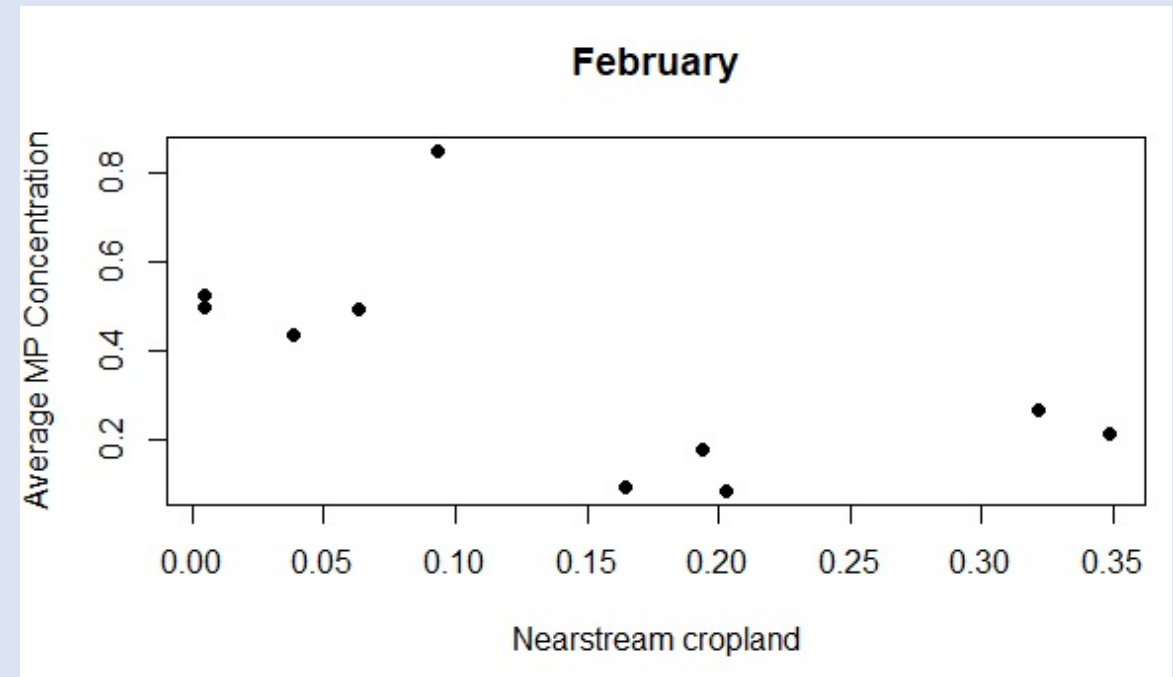
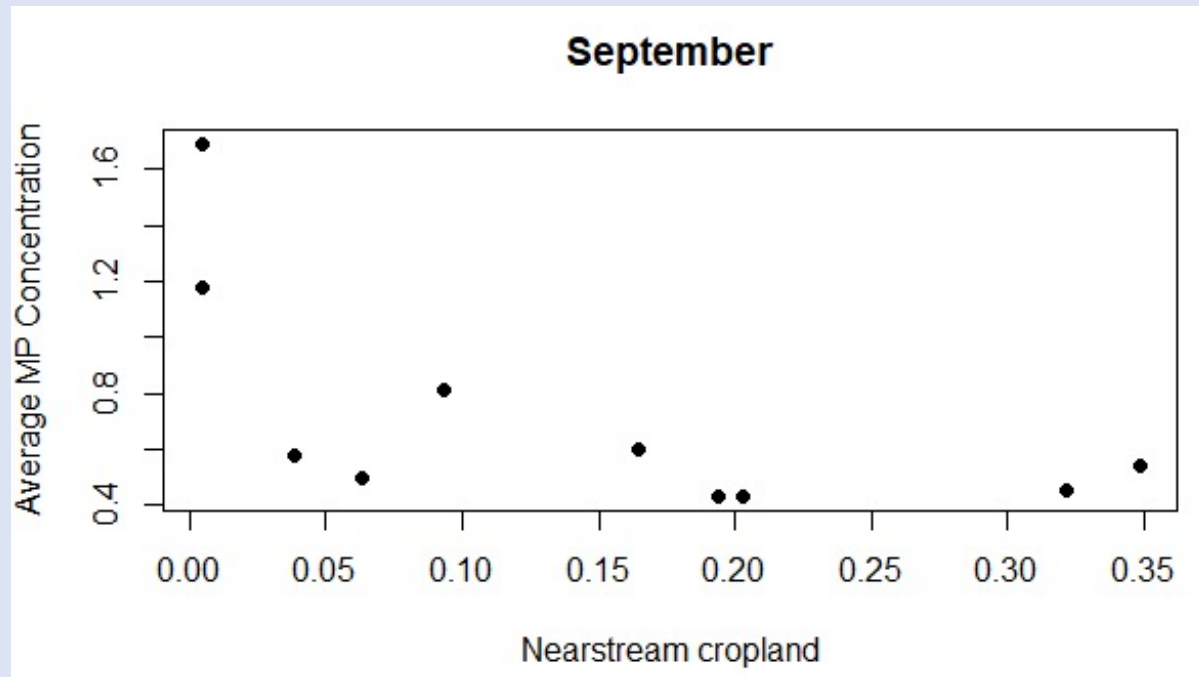


February

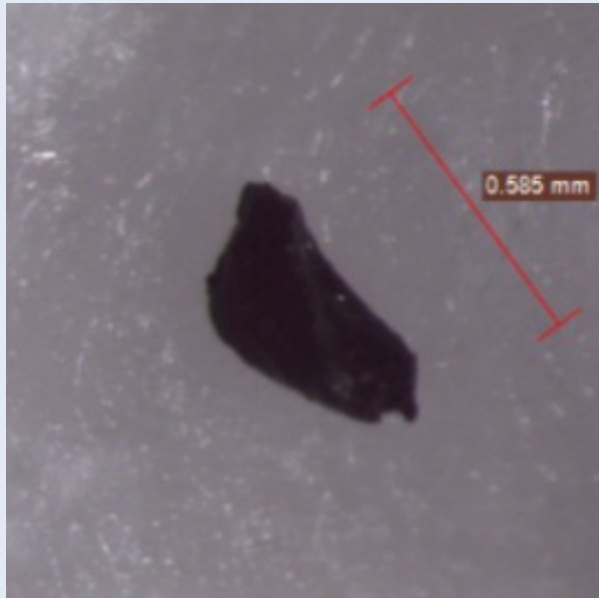
Johnson at Sycamore

Land Cover

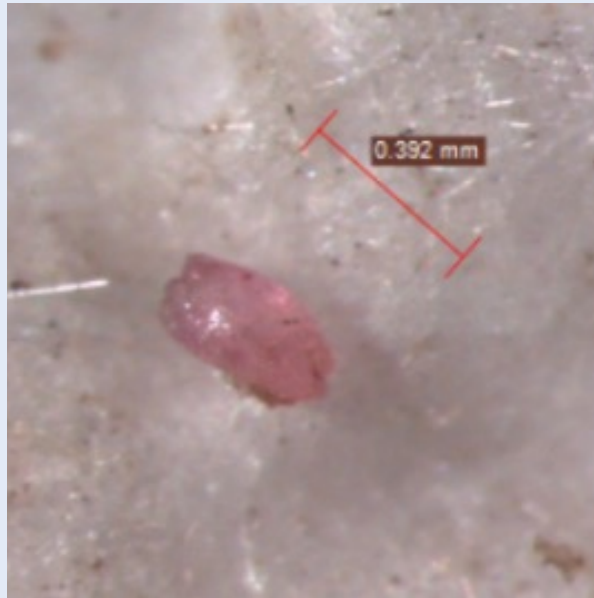
- Nearstream scale
 - Negative correlation with agricultural lands
 - September ($r = -0.72, p < 0.05$)
 - February ($r = -0.67, p < 0.05$)



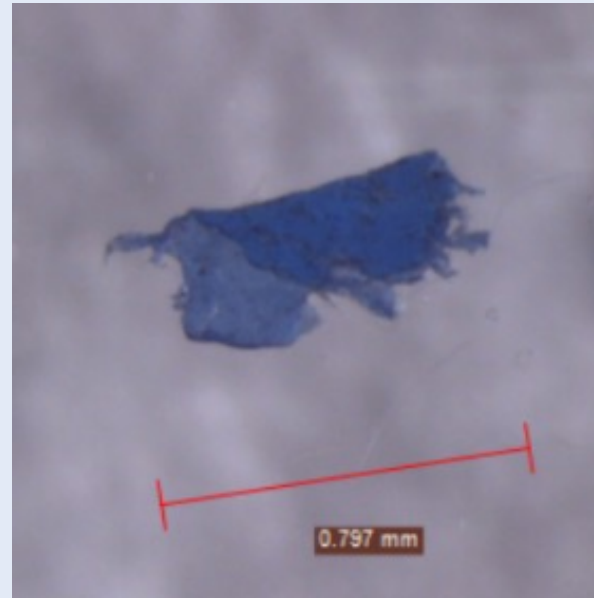
Microplastic Morphologies



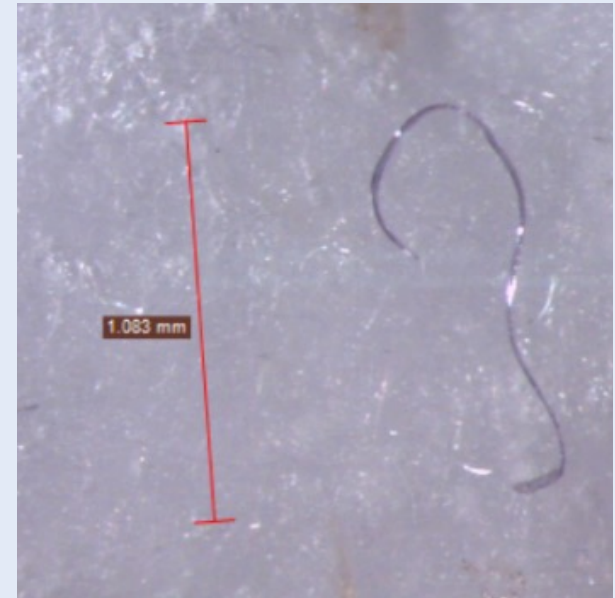
Foam



Fragment



Film



Fiber

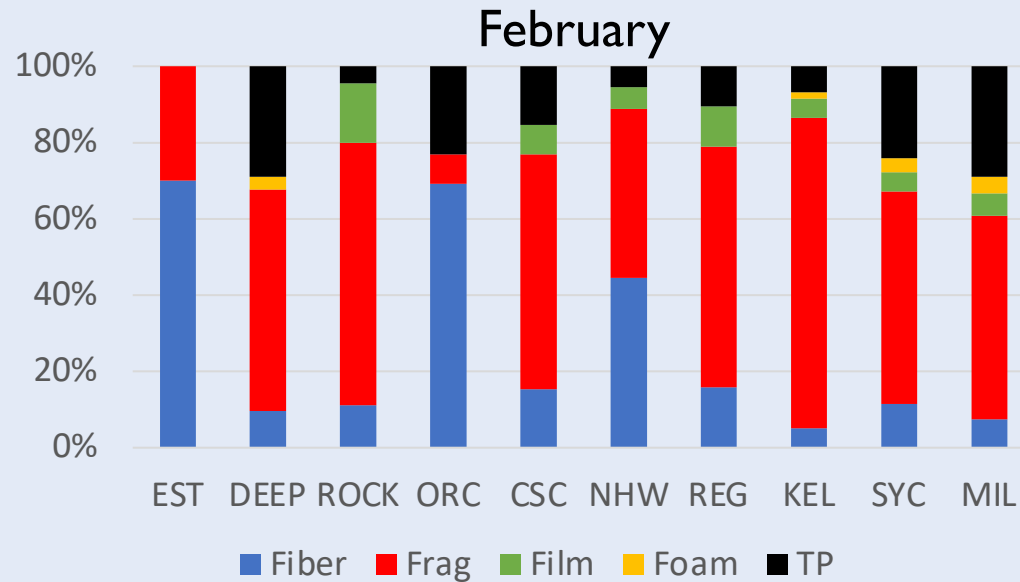
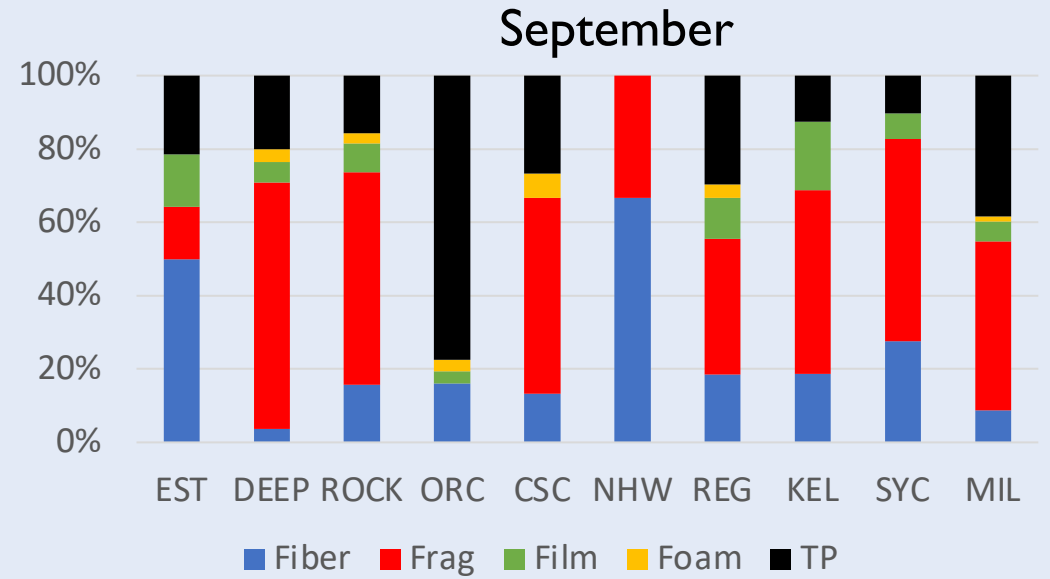
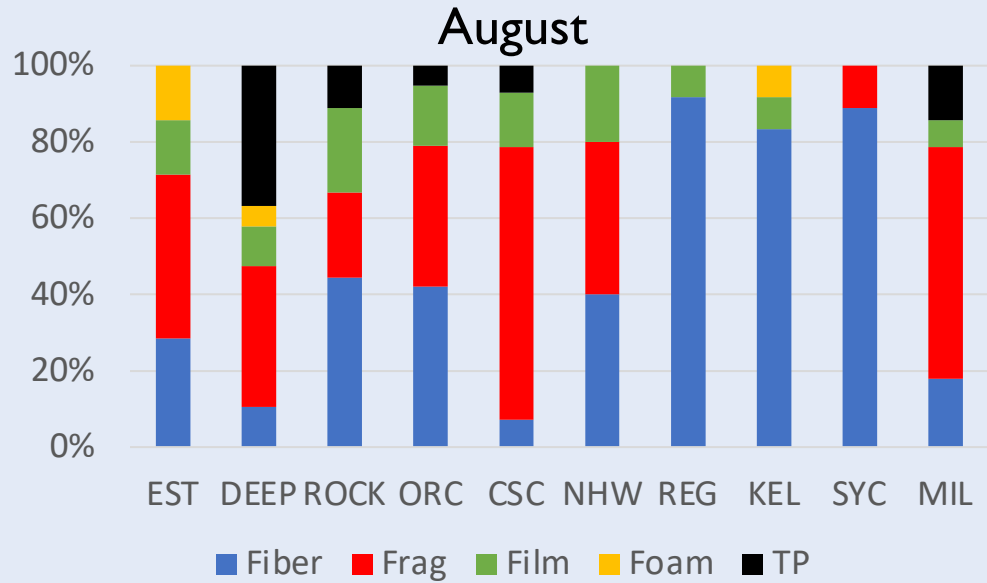
Tire Wear Particles (TWP)

- Significant difference in TWP concentrations between August and September
 - TWPs flushed into waterways at the onset of the wet season
 - Pose a severe threat to salmon (Tian et al. 2020)



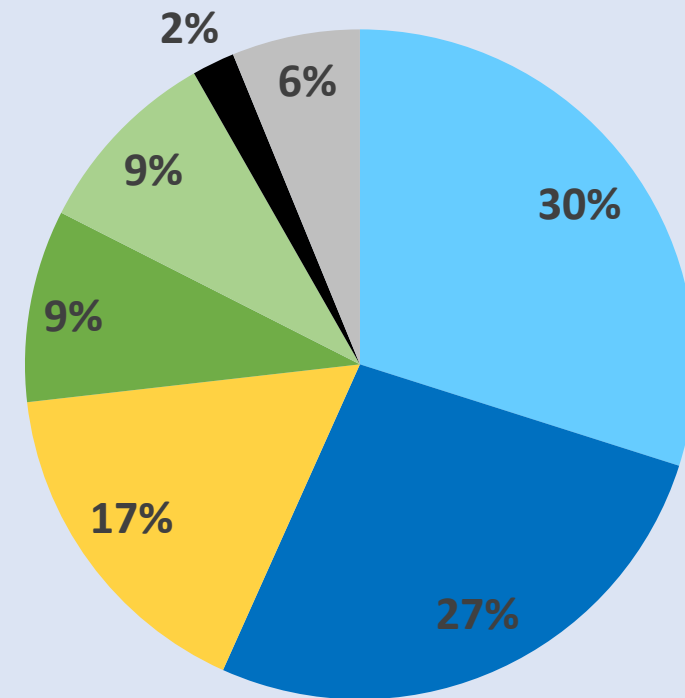
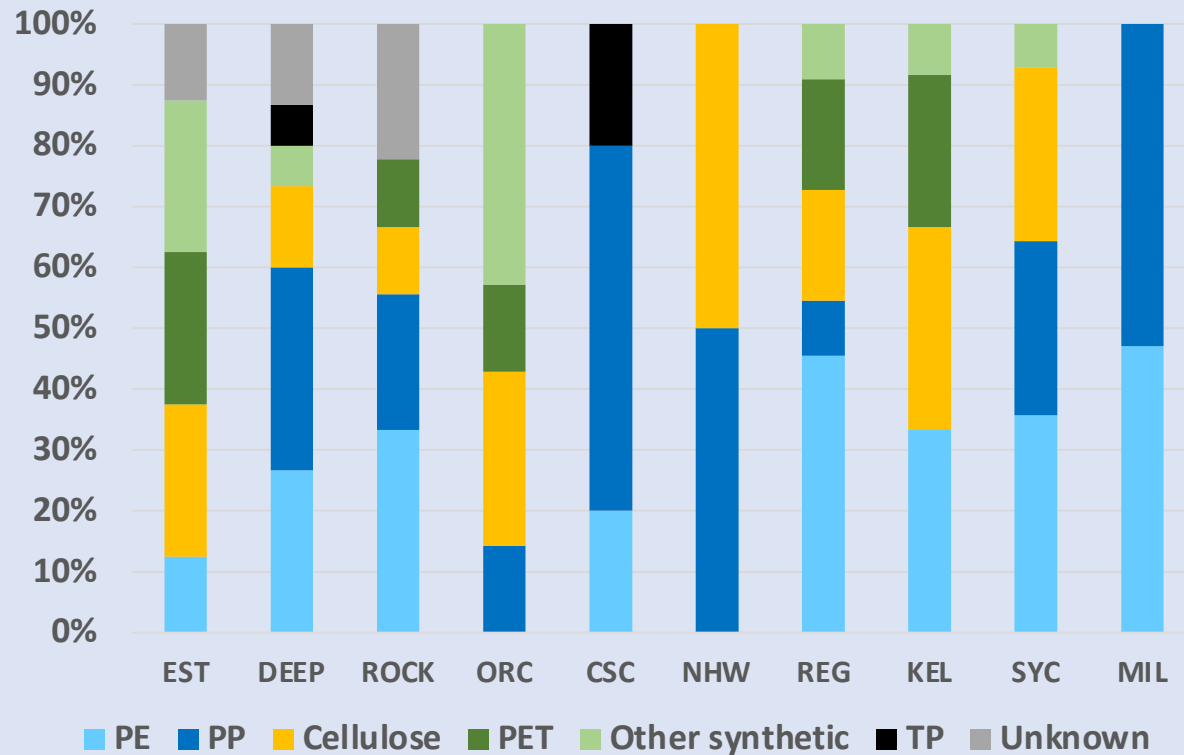
Photos: B. Talbot

Microplastic Morphologies



Polymer Identification

- Polyethylene (PE): Plastic bags
- Polypropylene (PP): Packaging materials, clothing
- PET (Polyethylene terephthalate)
 - Plastic bottles



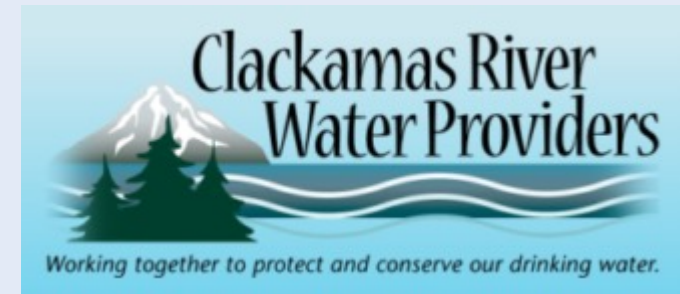
■ PE
 ■ PP
 ■ Cellulose
 ■ PET
 ■ Other synthetic
 ■ TP
 ■ Unknown

Summary

- Links with several spatial and temporal variables
 - Not necessarily true for every sampling session
- Importance of nearstream analyses and emphases on specific point sources (Barrows et al. 2018, Dikareva and Simon 2019)
- Early rains flush tire wear particles into freshwater environments
- Fragments and fibers were the dominant microplastic morphologies
- Polyethylene and polypropylene were the most common polymers
 - Consistent with previous research (e.g., Fan et al. 2019, Xiong et al. 2019)

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